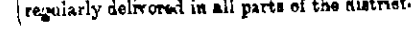


AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

[Price 6d.]

Cromwell Advertisements



Cromwell

BEFORE purchasing your WATCHES, CLOCKS, and JEWELLERY, call on
E. MURRELL,

and inspect his CHOICE STOCK of the above articles.

As all his Watches and Clocks are TAKEN TO PIECES, CLEANED, and ADJUSTED before they are delivered, Customers may depend on getting an article that will give satisfaction.

All kinds of WATCHES, CLOCKS, and MUSICAL BOXES cleaned and repaired.

Jewellery made and repaired.—Pipes mounted.

Observe the address:

NEXT MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL.

BELFAST STORE,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,
&c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Runholders, Farmers, and Private Families, with EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.



CROMWELL.

FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

* Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.

BEEF, BY THE QUARTER, 3d per lb.



CROMWELL BUTCHERY
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

KARL PRETSCH,

COACH & GENERAL PAINTER,
etc.,

Has now PAPERHANGINGS, PAINTS of every description, GLASS, and MOULDINGS, on Sale at Low Prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

Buggies and Vehicles of every description painted in the best style.

Colours Prepared in any Shade required

Address: Next door but one to MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL. CROMWELL.

CHARLES COLOLOUGH,
SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION AGENT,
ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT,
CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively to these occupations, business entrusted to my care will receive every attention.

Cromwell

GREAT CLEARING SALE

—OF—

DRAPERY, CLOTHING

AND BOOTS!

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY,

—AT—

LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

IN

NEW GOODS. Fancy Dresses ... 11s 6d
Checked Camlets 13s 6d
Figured Satens 17s 6d
Printed Lustres ... 15s 6d
New Prints ... 0s 7d
Hoyles' Prints ... 0s 8d
New Prints ... 0s 9d
Diaper Prints ... 0s 10d
Winceys, 11d
Wincey Skirtings, 1s 3d per yard
Ladies' White Cotton Hose, 10d
Ladies' White Cotton Hose, 1s
Ladies' Best Cotton Hose, 1s 3d
Children's White Socks, from 4d

Lace Ties, 1s
Muslin Bows, 1s 6d
Lace Collars, 9d
Ladies' Chemises, 5s 6d
Trim'd Chemises, 7s 6d
REAL LACE CHEMISETTES.
Ladies' Corsets, 4s 6d
Ladies' Corsets, 5s 6d
Superior Corsets, 6s 6d
Night Dresses, 4s 11d
Trimmed ditto, 5s 6d

White Calico, 5d
White Calico, 6d
Best Calico, 7d
Grey Calico, 6d
Best Grey Calico, 8d
Brown Holland, 10d
Brown Holland, 11d
White Flannel, 1s 3d
Welsh Flannel, 1s 5d
All Wool, 1s 6d
Ladies' trimmed and untrimmed Straw Hats.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Tweed Trousers, 11s 6d
Nelson Tweed, 15s 6d
Corded Tweed, 16s 6d
Mole Trousers, 8s 6d
Best ditto, 9s 6d
Tweed Coats, 16s 6d
Best ditto, 19s 6d
Tweed Suits, 35s
Bannockburn Tweed, 60s
Youths' Eton Suits, 35s

SHIRTS. SHIRTS. SHIRTS.

Crimeans, 6s 6d
Crimeans, 7s 6d
Cripe, 8s 6d
Jean, 3s 6d
Harvard, 4s 6d
Under flannels, 6s 6d
Under flannels, 7s
Best ditto, 7s 6d
Serge Drawers, 5s 6d
Knitted Drawers, 7s 6d

FELT HATS, 4s 6d.

BOOTS! BOOTS! BOOTS!

Ladies' kid Boots, 8s 6d
Ladies' kid Boots, 8s 11d
Cashmere Boots, 9s 6d
Men's E.S. Boots, 12s 6d
Men's E.S. Boots, 14s 6d
Watertights, 15s 6d

W. TALBOYS

Would call the attention of the Public to the VERY LOW PRICES quoted, and earnestly solicits an early visit, as the whole of the above must be sold to raise money to purchase Winter Stock.

Books Closed during Sale.

BUCHAN BROTHERS,
(Late of Dunedin),

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS AND FARRIERS,

Beg to inform the inhabitants of Cromwell and the surrounding district that they have COMMENCED BUSINESS in the premises lately occupied by WM. BARNES, and adjoining Heron's White Hart Hotel, where they are prepared to execute, at current rates, all branches of the above, including Repairs and Turnings in all kinds of Mining Machinery. By strict attention to business, combined with the supply of a good article, BUCHAN BROTHERS hope to earn a share of public patronage.

Cromwell, 10th February, 1873.

JULES LA FONTAINE,

WHEELWRIGHT,

Begs to inform the public that he has now arranged to remain in CROMWELL constantly, and that he is prepared to execute all orders and repairs with which he may be intrusted.

Premises in Cromwell:

Opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

PLASHETTS COLLIERY,
(adjoining Richards's Ferry.)

DAGG, PRIMATE, & BENNETT,
COAL MERCHANTS,
CROMWELL,

Are now supplying HOUSEHOLD COAL of very superior quality at current prices,—viz., 20s. per ton at the pit, or 32s. per ton delivered.

The seam of coal in the PLASHETTS COLLIERY is admittedly the best ever opened in the district, and the proprietors confidently solicit a share of public patronage.

Regular Customers may depend upon being kept constantly supplied.

Cromwell

STARKEY'S

KAWARAU HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

Having purchased the above well-known hotel from Mr BASTINGS, G. M. STARKEY begs to inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that it will be his study to maintain the high reputation the KAWARAU HOTEL has long since acquired for comfort.

Wines and Spirits of the very best quality.

An efficient Groom always in attendance.

GROCERIES, WINES & SPIRITS,
IRONMONGERY &
BUILDING MATERIALS,
DRAPERY, CLOTHING, BOOTS,
&c. &c.

Our Melbourne firm, Messrs MICHAELIS, HALLENSTEIN and Co., having recently opened a place of business in London, we have made arrangements with them to import most of our goods direct from Home, and are now in a position to supply this market with all goods bearing a profit on first cost only, thus saving the profit hitherto paid to importers.

STOREKEEPERS & WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS

will therefore be able to purchase cheaper from us than in Dunedin or elsewhere, besides having the advantage of being able to select their goods on the spot from one of the largest stocks on the gold-fields, (for particulars of which see our general advertisement.)

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

Cromwell, March 1873.

NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned, beg to inform the inhabitants of the Cromwell, Alexandra, and Clyde districts that we have appointed

I. Hallenstein and Co., Cromwell,

As our only AGENTS for the sale of our Silk-dressed

FLOUR, BRAN, AND POLLARD.

We guarantee all Flour branded with our name, and obtained through the above agents.

ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN,
Brunswick Flour Mills,
LAKE WAKATIP.

CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Reading-room is open to Subscribers on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.

The Library contains an extensive variety of Books in every department of literature; and about £60 worth of New Works is expected to arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual Subscription, £1 1s; Half-Yearly 12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

JUST ARRIVED,—A Large Lot of PAPERHANGINGS and FURNITURE;

CHEFFONIERS, CHILDREN'S COTS, &c., &c.

JAMES TAYLOR,

Cromwell Timber Yard.

MR H. W. SMYTHIES,
MINING SURVEYOR AND AGENT.

Legal Managership & REGISTRATION
of Companies undertaken.

Office: Town Hall, Cromwell.

NOTICE.

POISON for DOGS will be laid on MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this date.

I. LOUGHNAN.

Mount Pisa, 12th May 1870.—27c

Cromwell

J. C. CHAPPEL,
AUCTIONEER.

Any orders for Sales in the Cromwell District may be left at the Argus Office, and will meet with prompt attention.

D. MACKELLAR,

ACCOUNTANT and

GENERAL AGENT

Manager of { Star of the East Quartz Mining Company, Registered;
Colleen Bawn Quartz Mining Company, Registered;
Kawarau Bridge Company (Messrs M'Connick, Grant, & Richards).

AGENT for { The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Company.

Office: Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Mechanical Drawings furnished.—Specification prepared.

MR LAKE,
SURGEON,

May be consulted at his Residence, west end of MELMORE-STREET,

(Premises lately occupied by Mr Goodger).

Bannockburn

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND & CO.
(Late of Logantown),

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS & FARRIERS

Beg to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that they have removed to

QUARTZVILLE, next to HAZLETT'S Carrick Range Hotel, where they hope, by strict attention to business and reasonable charges, to merit a share of their patronage.

STUART'S FERRY

KAWARAU RIVER.



Main crossing-place between Cromwell and the Nevis for Waggon, Drays, Horses, and Foot passengers.

Children attending School, Free.

THE FERRY HOTEL.

Has first-class accommodation for Travellers.

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE

DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,
(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.B.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

The new Ferry being now OPEN for Traffic the Public are invited to cross the Kawarau River on the

BEST PUNT IN THE PROVINCE

which is on the direct road to Bannockburn, the Nevis, and the Carrick Range Reefs.

John Richards - Proprietor

BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD

AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD.

Begs to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN, NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet increasing requirements of those districts, has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON Building and Mining purposes always on hand.


Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash.

Bannockburn
BANNOCKBURN COAL MINE.
J. SMITH,
COAL MERCHANT,
 Having obtained a lease of the above well-known Coal Works, begs to inform the residents at Bannockburn, Carrick Range, Ben-go, Kawarau Gorge, and throughout the district, that he is prepared to SUPPLY (any quantity) COAL of excellent quality, 12s. per ton taken from the pit's mouth; delivered, 1s 9d per bag and upwards, according to distance. 105.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
WALLSEND COAL MINE.
TO MEET THE TIMES.
JAMES LAWRENCE and Co. are prepared to deliver COALS, of a superior quality, at the MOUTH at 12s. per ton; or at STRAITS' MARY (Cromwell Side) at 24s. per ton. The coal delivered in CROMWELL will be 32s. per ton. Orders left at Bridge Hotel, Cromwell, will be attended to.
Back loading taken.

Clyde
MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.
M. MARSHALL,
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,
 SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.
 Prescriptions carefully prepared.
 BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS VENDER.
 Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial Newspapers and Magazines.
 Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a small advance upon English prices.

Alexandra
MANUHERIKIA BREWERY,
ALEXANDRA
THEYERS & BECK beg to announce that they are prepared to supply their MARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity. Delivered free of cartage within twenty miles.
 Orders left with
 Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;
 Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;
 at the BREWERY, will be promptly attended to.
THEYERS AND BECK,
 BREWERS,
 ALEXANDRA.

Queenstown

J. BARRY,
 at the
PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL,
QUEENSTOWN.
 Accommodation at the PRINCE OF WALES Hotel surpassed. New rooms have lately been added for private families; and visitors may be accommodated upon every convenience and comfort, and with moderate charges.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL,
 Corner of Beach and Rees Streets,
QUEENSTOWN.
W. J. BARRY.
 In connection with the above, W. J. BARRY, begs to announce that he has taken THE STABLES
 In connection with the Hotel, and assures those who may favour him with their patronage that they will be well and properly cared for.
 LIVERY: 6s. per night.
 Horses on hire, 10s per day. W. J. B., jun., calls attention to the fact that he keeps a numerous and first-class stud for hiring purposes: consisting of saddle horses, ladies' hacks, light draught horses. Side-saddles and traps always on hand.
 English Grass Paddocks for Horses.

Queenstown
[A CARD.]
D. POWELL,
AUCTIONEER, &c.
 SALE ROOMS - BALLARAT-STREET,
QUEENSTOWN.
 OFFICE:
 Ballarat-st. (opposite the Family Hotel)
ROBERT BOYNE,
GENERAL STOREKEEPER
 AND NEWS AGENT,
 Queenstown, Lake Wakatipu.
 A large stock of Groceries and other goods always on hand. Importer of English and Colonial Newspapers. Orders punctually attended to, and newspapers forwarded to any part of the district.
 Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

Arrowtown
R. PRITCHARD,
 Wholesale and Retail Storekeeper,
 WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,
ARROWTOWN.
 The largest and best-assorted stock of Wines, Spirits, Groceries, and Provisions in the district. A well-assorted stock of Boots and Shoes, Drapery, &c.
 Agent for
 T. ROBINSON & Co.,
 Agricultural Implement Manufacturers,
 Dunedin and Melbourne.

Luggate
ALBION HOTEL AND STORE,
LUGGATE,
 23 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to Lake Wanaka).
 H. MAIDMAN Proprietor.
 This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation for the comfort and convenience of travellers.
 Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at Cromwell prices.
 GOOD STABLING.
 N.B.—District Post Office.

Wanaka
WANAKA HOTEL, PEMBROKE.
 The above hotel, which is delightfully situated on the margin of the Wanaka Lake, offers to the tourist and pleasure-seeker advantages rarely to be met with.
 The scenery in the neighbourhood is exceedingly picturesque; and on an island in the Lake there is excellent rabbit-shooting.
 An excellent Four-stalled STABLE, and a Paddock, for horses.
THEODORE RUSSELL,
 Proprietor.

Dunedin
HAWTHORN HILL NURSERY,
DUNEDIN.
 The planting season being close at hand, Orders for
 FRUIT TREES AND BUSHES
 FOREST TREES, HEDGE PLANTS,
 should be given without delay, so as to ensure early delivery.

FRUIT TREES AND BUSHES.
 The stock on hand comprises
 All the best kinds of
 Apple
 Apricot
 Cherry
 Nectarine
 Peach
 Pear
 Plum
 1, 2, 3, and 4 years old.
 Raspberry, red and yellow
 Gooseberry, white, green, and red
 Currant, black, white, and red
 Almond; Black Bramble
 Spanish Chestnut; Elder
 Eugenia Ugni; Fig
 Filberts and Nuts
 Mulberry; Olive
 Pomegranate; Quince; Walnut.

FOREST TREES.
 Ash, Birch, Blue and Red Gum, Stringy Bark, Elm, Oak, Linetree, Poplar, Hazel, Sycamore, Laburnum, Horse Chestnut, Pines, &c. &c.
GEORGE MATTHEWS,
 NURSERYMAN,
 Moray Place, Dunedin.
 Agent at Cromwell:
J. A. MATTHEWS,
 ARGUS Office.

PRINTING
 THE ART PRESERVATIVE OF ALL ARTS.
CROMWELL ARGUS
General Printing Office,
MELMORE TERRACE.
MATTHEWS & FENWICK.
 MERCANTILE AND DECORATIVE
PRINTERS,
 EXECUTE ORDERS FOR
PRINTING
 OF EVERY KIND
 In the most modern styles of the Art.

BOOK AND PAMPHLET WORK
 Unsurpassed in the Colony.
 PLAIN, ENAMELLED, { CARDS COLORED, EMBOSSED,
 In endless variety of style.

ADMISSION TICKETS
 For Balls, Concerts, Lectures, Entertainments, Soirees, &c. &c.

BALL PROGRAMMES,
 NEWEST STYLES.

Business & Invitation Circulars.
 Printed in New and Elegant Type,
 ON FINE POST OR FANCY NOTE PAPER.

MINING COMPANIES' SCRIP,
 (Superior to Lithographed)
 ON FIRST-CLASS LOAN PAPER.

POSTERS,
 ANY SIZE,
 BLACK OR COLOURED INKS.

ILLUMINATED SHOW-CARDS,
 SUPERB DESIGNS,
 In Coloured Inks or Gold Bronze.

Receipt and Delivery Books
 Neatly printed and strongly bound.

Catalogues, Hand Bills, Programmes,
 Labels, Memo's, Societies' Rules,
 Bags and Wrapping Papers,
 Prospectuses, Envelopes,
 Ale & Porter Labels,
 Circular Labels.

—AND—
EVERY OTHER KIND OF PRINTING!

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne.—Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver complaints, depression of spirits, delusions, unfitness for business or study, failure of hearing, sight, and memory, lassitude, want of power, &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy PHOSPHODYNE (ozone oxygen), which at once allays all irritation and excitement, imparts new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of these hitherto incurable and distressing maladies. Sold by all chemists and storekeepers throughout the colonies, from whom pamphlets containing testimonials may be obtained. Caution: Be particular to ask Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne, as imitations are abroad. Wholesale agents for New Zealand:—Kempthorne, Prosser, & Co., Dunedin.

Amputation and mortification no doubt prevented by Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Extract of a letter, dated Chesterton, January 6th, 1848:—"To Professor Holloway—Sir: I beg to state, for your satisfaction and the information of the afflicted, the perfect cure your Ointment and Pills have effected on me. I have had a very bad leg since June last, caused by a bruise. So bad was it that gangrene set in, which made me apprehensive that amputation would be indispensable,—but, thank God, by the use of your invaluable Ointment and Pills, it is now perfectly healed, and is quite sound.—(Signed) James M. Duncan, Principal of the Chesterton Day School."

ALL CURES MADE EASY!
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT
Bad Legs, Ulcers, Sores, Bad Breasts, and Old Wounds.
 No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied: a sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.
 These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed-time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintance whom it may concern, they will render a service which will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.
 Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained of all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that almost all skin diseases indicate depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach; consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before; and this should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsey, Mumps, and all other Derangements of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed, at least thrice a day, upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat. This course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment if the printed directions be followed.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stomach, and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Both Ointment and Pills should be used in the following Disorders:

Bad Legs	Scalds
Bad Breasts	Sore Nipples
Burns	Sore Throats
Bunions	Skin Diseases
Bite of Mosquitoes	Scurvy
and Sandflies	Sore Heads
Coco-bay	Tumours
Chiego-foot	Ulcers
Chilblains	Wounds and Yaws
Fistulas	Cancers
Gout	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Glandular Swellings	Elephantiasis
Lumbago	Chapped Hands
Piles	Corns (soft)
Rheumatism	

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box, and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

The Cromwell Argus
 IS PUBLISHED
EVERY TUESDAY AFTERNOON,
And delivered the same day,
 BY SPECIAL MESSENGERS, THROUGHOUT THE DISTRICT.
SUBSCRIPTION:
SIX SHILLINGS & QUARTER.
CASUAL ADVERTISEMENTS:
 Each insertion under four, per inch..... 3/-
 On four or more insertions, a reduction of 25%
STANDING ADVERTISEMENTS
On still more liberal terms.

WAKATIP AGRICULTURAL AND PASTORAL ASSOCIATION.

INSTITUTED, 1870.

THE THIRD ANNUAL SHOW

—OF—

LIVE STOCK, AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE & IMPLEMENTS.

WILL BE HELD AT THE

FARM OF MR F. M'BRIDE, FRANKTON,

—ON—

FRIDAY, APRIL 17, 1873.

PRESIDENT—A. H. Douglas, Esq.

VICE-PRESIDENT—F. M'Bride, Esq.

TREASURER—J. O. H. M'Ardell, Esq.

SECRETARY—T. G. Betts.

DIRECTORS—Dr Douglas, Messrs Hallenstein, J. Butel, D. Powell, E. Perello, A. M'Bride, W. Patterson, R. Pritchard, W. Gilmour, J. W. Robertson, R. Matheson, T. G. Betts, M. J. Malaghan, D. Mackay, A. McKinnon, A. Eichardt, W. Scoles, and J. Humphrey.

LIST OF PRIZES.

HORSES.

Class. DRAUGHT HORSES.

1. Best Entire Horse, 3 years old and upwards—1st prize, 3*l*; 2nd do., 2*l*.

DRAUGHT MARES, ETC.

2. Best Mare, any age—1st prize, 2*l*; 2nd do., 1*l*.

3. Best Brood Mare, that has suckled a foal this season—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

4. Best 3-year old Mare or Gelding—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

5. Best 2-year old Colt or Filly—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*; 3rd do., 7*s* 6*d*.

6. Best 1-year old Colt or Filly—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*; 3rd do., 7*s* 6*d*.

7. Best Gelding—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

THOROUGHbred HORSES.

8. Best Entire, any age—1st prize, 3*l*; 2nd do., 2*l*.

9. Best 2-year old Colt or Filly—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

10. Best 1-year old Colt or Filly—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*; 3rd do., 7*s* 6*d*.

ROADSTERS.

11. Best Roadster—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

12. Best 2-year old Roadster—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

13. Best 1-year old Roadster—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

CATTLE.

1. Best Bull of any breed, 2 years old and upwards—1st prize, 2*l*; 2nd do., 1*l*.

2. Best yearling Bull, of any breed—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

3. Best Cow, of any breed, in milk—1st prize, 2*l*; 2nd do., 1*l*; 3rd do., 10*s*.

4. Best Dry Cow, of any breed, apparently in calf—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

5. Best 2-year old Heifer, of any breed—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

6. Best yearling Heifer, of any breed—1st prize, 15*s*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

7. Best Fat Bullock—Prize, 1*l*.

8. Best Fat Cow—Prize, 1*l*.

SHEEP.

MERINO.

1. Best Ram—1st prize, 1*l* 10*s*; 2nd do., 1*l*.

2. Best 2-tooth Ram—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

3. Best Pen of Ewes (not less than five)—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

4. Best Pen of 2-tooth Ewes (not less than five)—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

LONG-WOOLLED.

5. Best Leicester Ram, of any age—1st prize, 1*l* 10*s*; 2nd do., 1*l*.

6. Best Pen of Leicester Ewes (not less than three)—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

7. Best Pen of Cross-bred Ewes (not less than five)—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

8. Best Pen of Fat Wethers, of any breed (not less than five)—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

9. Best Ram, of any breed, except Leicester and Merino—Prize, 1*l* 10*s*.

PIGS.

1. Best Boar, of any breed—1st prize, 1*l* 10*s*; 2nd do., 1*l*.

2. Best Boar, of any breed, under six and not less than three months—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

3. Best Sow, of any breed—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

4. Best Sow, of any breed, under six and not less than three months—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

5. Best Fat Pig, showing most weight and symmetry—Prize, 1*l*.

POULTRY.

1. Best Spanish Cock and Two Hens—1st prize, 10*s*; 2nd do., 5*s*.

2. Best Dorking Cock and Two Hens—1st prize, 10*s*; 2nd do., 5*s*.

3. Best Brahma Pootra Cock and Two Hens—1st prize, 10*s*; 2nd do., 5*s*.

4. Best Cochins China Cock and Two Hens—1st prize, 10*s*; 2nd do., 5*s*.

5. Best Turkey Cock and Two Hens—1st prize, 10*s*; 2nd do., 5*s*.

6. Best Gander and Two Geese—1st prize, 10*s*; 2nd do., 5*s*.

7. Best Drake and Two Ducks—1st prize, 10*s*; 2nd do., 5*s*.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE.

Best bag of Wheat, for milling purposes—1st prize, 1*l* 10*s*; 2nd do., 1*l*; 3rd do., 10*s*.

Best bag of pure seed Wheat—1st prize 1*l* 10*s*; 2nd do., 1*l*; 3rd do., 10*s*.

Best bag of Barley (malting)—1st prize, 1*l* 10*s*; 2nd do., 1*l*.

Best bag of Tartarian Oats—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

Best bag of Potato Oats—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

Best bag of Sandy Oats—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

Best Sack of Turnips—10*s*.

Best sack of Potatoes—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

Best sack of Mangold Wurtzel—10*s*.

Best sack of Carrots—10*s*.

Best sack of Peas—10*s*.

Best sack of Beans—10*s*.

Best 10lbs of Onions—10*s*.

DAIRY PRODUCE.

Best Pair of Cheeses—1*l* 1*s*.

Best Fresh Butter, entirely free of salt—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 15*s*; 3rd do., 10*s*.

Samples to consist of 2lbs, in 4lb prints.

Best Powdered Butter—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 15*s*; 3rd do., 10*s*. Not less than 5lbs.

Best Bacon Ham—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

Best side of Bacon—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

IMPLEMENTS.

Any Implements adapted to the Agricultural requirements of the District, of local manufacture, will, should they be considered meritorious, be awarded prizes.

LOCAL INDUSTRIES.

1. Best Shod Horse (Heavy)—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

2. Best Shod Horse (Light)—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

3. Best Harness and Saddlery (local)—1*l*.

4. Best Three Loaves of home-made Bread, made of local grown wheat—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

5. Best Jam (local)—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 15*s*; 3rd do., 10*s*.

6. Best Jelly (local)—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 15*s*; 3rd do., 10*s*.

7. Half-a-dozen Apples (table)—1st prize, 10*s*; 2nd do., 5*s*.

8. Half-a-dozen Apples (keeping)—1st prize, 10*s*; 2nd do., 5*s*.

9. Best half-dozen Pears—10*s*.

10. Best bunch of Grapes—10*s*.

11. Bag of Flour—1st prize, 1*l*; 2nd do., 10*s*.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

Members of the Association can exhibit on paying the following fees, viz:—For Horses, from 10*s* to 5*s*; Cattle, 7*s* 6*d* to 5*s*; Sheep, 5*s* to 2*s* 6*d*; Pigs, 5*s*; Grain, 5*s* to 2*s* 6*d*; Dairy Produce and Poultry, 2*s* 6*d*; Local Industries, 5*s* to 2*s* 6*d* each exhibit. Non-members to pay double the above fees.

All Stock exhibited shall be the bona fide property of the exhibitor or his principal, and must have been in the district at least two months previous to the Show.

Entries will be received at the Show Ground on the morning of the Show, by the Secretary, to whom the entrance fee must be paid. Entries will be received from 8 to 10 o'clock a.m.

No prize will be awarded for grain passed through any other machines than those commonly used by farmers.

In no case shall a prize be awarded unless the Judges shall deem the lot to possess sufficient merit, and their decision in all cases shall be final.

All exhibits for competition to be placed on the Show Ground by half past nine o'clock a.m. No exhibit to be removed before 4 o'clock p.m. The public will be admitted to the Show Yards on payment of One Shilling.

T. G. BETTS, Hon. Secretary.

COLMAN BURKE,

O T A G O B R E W E R Y.

DEPOT:

PRINCES-STREET SOUTH, DUNEDIN.

BULK AND BOTTLED ALES.

BULK AND BOTTLED STOUT.

BRITISH HOTEL,
corner of
GEORGE and HANOVER STREETS,
DUNEDIN.

The Proprietor respectfully calls the attention of residents on the Gold-fields to the excellence of accommodation he is enabled to offer to Country Visitors, Travellers, and Boarders.

The Hotel is commodious, well-furnished, and centrally situated.

ALEXANDER M'GREGOR,
Proprietor.

LEGAL NOTICE.

MR H. C. BREWER,
Barrister, Solicitor, and Conveyancer,
of Clyde,

will attend regularly the Resident Magistrate's and Warden's Court held at Cromwell.

Mr H. C. BREWER further gives notice that it is his intention to visit Cromwell every TUESDAY. Clients desirous of obtaining legal advice and assistance can consult Mr Brewer at STARKEY'S HOTEL between the hours of 11 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

DENTAL SURGERY.

POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK.

MR ARMSTRONG,
(from Dunedin.)

Has arrived, and may be consulted at the house lately occupied by Mr WRIGHT, next the Police Court, Cromwell, FOR FOUR DAYS ONLY. One visit only necessary from country patients.

Decayed Teeth Stopped.

Discoloured Teeth Restored.

Children's Teeth Regulated, and Artificial Teeth supplied at Dunedin prices.

Shooting Season Commenced!

MESSRS DAVID A. JOLLY & Co.

have just received a consignment of

CURTIS & HARVEY'S

CELEBRATED

DIAMOND-GRAIN GUNPOWDER,

and are in a position to supply the Trade and others in any quantity.

TO MINERS, SPECULATORS,
AND OTHERS.

FOR SALE.

ONE FIFTH SHARE in the ATALANTA SLUICING CO., BRANCH CREEK, CARDRONA.

Price, £250. Apply to

THOMAS ALLAN,

At the Claim.

FOR SALE.

TWO SHARES (being two-thirds of the whole) in a valuable WATER RACE, carrying six (6) sluice-heads; a CLAIM, TOOLS, HOUSES; HUTS, &c.; and all in excellent working order.

For full particulars, apply to

D. MACKELLAR,

Cromwell.

JUST RECEIVED from DUNEDIN,
by the underigned,

All kinds of American Timber for Coach and Carriage Building, comprising Raggy Shafts and Poles, and every requisite for the trade.

JULES LA FONTAINE,

WHEELWRIGHT AND COACHBUILDER,
Cromwell.

New Advertisements.

WANTED, A COOK.—Apply to J. PERRY, Carrickton, or at the Office of this Paper.

REV. B. DRAKE will preach at the BANNOCKBURN SCHOOLHOUSE next SUNDAY at half-past three o'clock, p.m.

CROMWELL KILWINNING LODGE (S.C.)

The REGULAR MEETING of the above Lodge will be held on WEDNESDAY, 16th April. Business:—Passings. Lecture by R.W.M. By order of the R.W.M.

MUNICIPALITY OF CROMWELL DOG TAX.

All OWNERS of DOGS within this Municipality must pay the fee of 10*s*. per dog to me at my office, Town Hall, within THREE DAYS from this date, otherwise they will be proceeded against according to law.

The office will be open for the purpose of receiving these fees between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m., on the Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday now next ensuing.

H. W. SMYTHIES,
Cromwell, April 7, 1873. Collector.

£2 REWARD.

STRAYED, from Nevis Gorge, a small BAY MARE, star on forehead, branded F D conjoined on near shoulder. Whoever will deliver the mare to JOHN GRANT, Nevis Gorge, will receive the above reward.

NOTICE.

ON and after the First Day of May next, POISON FOR DOGS will be sold on the MAKARORA RUN.

JOHN GEORGE SHRIMPTON.
Makarora Park, April 2, 1873.

CALEDONIA HOTEL

JAMES HUTTON,

late of the Australasian, is to be found at home at the Caledonia Hotel, and has much pleasure in informing his up-country friends and the public in general that he has taken the above house. Visitors patronising him will find themselves at home.

First-class board and lodging, 18*s* per week. All meals; 1*s*; beds, 1*s*. Defy competition. Wines, Spirits, and Ales of the best brands. Hot, cold, and plunging baths free.

GOOD STABLING—Moderate charges.

The election of a member of the Provincial Council for Dunedin, in the room of Mr B. Cargill, resulted in the return of Mr H. Fish. The numbers were: Fish, 612; Prosser, 531; Reeves, 155. Great efforts were made by the two former, and people are said to have travelled from Tokomairiro and even the Chelid to vote for Prosser.

The Macraes correspondent of a Dunedin paper says:—"An instance of Chinese character was related to me the other day, which I cannot help recording, if it is only to illustrate the helplessness which our Asiatic residents have under in cases of emergency. A Chinaman had proceeded to his but rather sooner than mates, in order to have something ready for dinner, was surprised, on opening the door, find the place on fire. Instead of at once obtaining water, of which there was a supply at hand, he deliberately sat down, spread out both hands, and howled in the most dismal manner conceivable."

BIRTH.

At Cromwell, on the 4th April, the wife of Mr THOMAS ESCOTT of a daughter.

Cromwell Argus,

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, APRIL 8, 1873.

A paragraph which appeared in our issue of the 25th ultimo, in reference to the recent crushing for the Colleen Bawn Company at Mr Logan's battery, has given rise to a certain amount of indignation on the part of the machine-owner and his employees. Mr Alexander Rigg, the machine-manager, denied through our columns last week that the machine had been left unprotected (as we were led to believe) while the crushing was going on. Upon referring to our source of information, it turns out that what we were led to believe was a proved fact was nothing more than a mere guess—a hazardous suspicion. Mr Rigg's assertion, too, it is stated, can be fully borne out by the machine-hands. Therefore we are prepared to believe his statement, and are glad to hear that no opportunity was afforded for the abstraction of the amalgam. As regards the implication that carelessness in the process of cleaning-up had something to do with the matter, it gives us pleasure now to be able to state that one of the highest standing in his profession—Mr Reid, the mill-manager,—in company with two interested parties, examined the tables, ripples, &c., and gave it as his opinion that everything had been conducted with the utmost carefulness; he could not find the slightest fault or flaw in any part of the process. This is testimony we are bound to accept, and, as we have said, it gives us pleasure to publish it. We much regret that anything should have appeared in the ARGUS which might be interpreted as in any way casting a doubt upon either the efficiency of the battery,—than which in the opinion of judges there is not a better in the Province,—or the carefulness and honesty of those in charge. Every story has two sides; and it seems that in this instance we have given publicity to the wrong one. We may add that we had what we considered good authority for our statements; but, in the face of such evidence as is noticed above, it is only natural to conclude that non-fulfilment of false hopes had jaundiced the imaginations and opinions of the directors and shareholders.

Mr Duncan MacKellar is the successful tenderer for the work required to be done in forming a track from Cromwell to Cardrona over Mount Pisa. Commencing at Messrs Railhead and party's water-race, about seven miles west of Cromwell, the track is to be marked out by chipping the grass, removing stones, &c., to the width of one foot, so that when completed a smooth path will be formed and be distinctly visible. There are three sections of side cutting—6½ chains in all; the width of cutting to be three feet, and the surface of the track, when finished, to be level. For the guidance of travellers in snowy weather, twenty snow-poles are to be erected on various parts of the range. The poles are to be of manuka, three inches in diameter and ten feet long, and to be sunk to a depth of three feet. The contract price for the whole work is £113 17s. 6d., and the track is to be completed in five weeks from date of signing the contract. Mr MacKellar left Cromwell yesterday morning, with a party of men fully equipped, en route for the summit of the mountain.

In Dunedin, on Monday, 30th ult., the Wanaka West Station and the Wanaka East Station were submitted to auction. Mr Henry Campbell purchased both; the former for £10,000, the latter for £4000.

We are informed that the residents at the head of Lake Wanaka are about to memorialise the Superintendent with the view of getting a sum placed on the Estimates for improving the track from Newcastle to the Makarora (via the Hawea Saddle). The track, at various points, winds along the face of precipitous cliffs, and being extremely narrow, has always been a dangerous road to travel. Numerous accidents, both to men and animals, have occurred on this track from time to time, and only the other day a gentleman on his way to Cromwell had a narrow escape from being killed by the fall of his horse on the slippery rock. It is believed that £150 would do all that is absolutely necessary at present; but it should not be forgotten that this track affords the only access by land to the forests of the Hawea and Wanaka, and that it forms a portion of the far-famed West Coast route explored some eight years ago by Mr Pyke.

It is rumoured that Mr Warden Pyke has obtained leave of absence for twelve months, but the rumour lacks authoritative confirmation.

A cake of gold from Young Australian quartz was lodged at the Bank of New Zealand on Saturday. The quantity of stone crushed was 116 tons, and the average yield per ton was 16½ dwts. It is stated that 11 dwts. will clear all expenses, so that all above that average may be set down as profit. The stone was crushed at Logan's battery, Pipeclay Gully.

The *Evangelist* for April presents several features of more than usual interest to all classes of readers.

The usually monthly committee meeting of the Bannockburn and Carrick Range Miners' Association took place on Wednesday, 2nd inst. Present—Messrs Cronbie, president; Smiddy, Koch, Stewart, Menzies, Koenig, Aitchison, and Fenwick, hon. secretary. A letter was read from the Treasurer of the Otago Miners' Association, thanking the Bannockburn and Carrick Range Association for their remittance in aid of the funds of the Executive. On the motion of Mr Aitchison, seconded by Mr Koenig, the Secretary was instructed to write to Messrs Hickey and Shepherd, also to Mr Hastings, Secretary for Gold-fields, asking those gentlemen to use their utmost endeavours to obtain commonage for the Bannockburn and Carrick Range district. This was all the business before the meeting.

The survey of the boundary-line between the Provinces of Otago and Canterbury, has just been completed by Mr J. A. Connell, of Dunedin. The time occupied in the survey was about six months.

Mr Baird, Receiver of Gold-fields Revenue, took up his quarters in the new Court-house yesterday. The furniture and fittings have been supplied by Mr James Taylor, builder, and although the original specification was greatly modified with a view to economy, the materials are of excellent quality, and the workmanship is faultless. The old "dog-kennel" is to be removed from its present site and re-erected alongside the new building, where it will be used as a lumber-room.

A public meeting, called by Mr W. J. Barry, was held at Kidd's Hall on Friday evening, for the purpose of inquiring into the disposal of certain monies subscribed for the benefit of Mr J. Harding's family, who were burnt out in Cromwell four or five months ago. About thirty were present, and Mr Barry was appointed chairman. Mr Barry stated that shortly after the occurrence of the fire, Mr Fraer and himself agreed to collect subscriptions for the benefit of Mrs Harding and family, who lost nearly every stitch of clothing. He (Mr Barry) received a number of subscriptions, and handed the amount to Mr Fraer, who, as treasurer of the fund, gave him a receipt. He believed that £24 or £25 in all had been deposited with Mr Fraer. He was in a position to state that Mrs Harding had not yet received a penny of the amount. He was now residing in another district, and wishing to get the matter settled up, he had that day asked Mr Fraer what had become of the money collected. Mr Fraer replied that he had lost the list, and at the same time offered to refund the amounts to the several subscribers. Mr Fraer had been asked by letter to attend the present meeting and give an explanation, but he had failed to do so. His (Mr Barry's) sole object in calling the meeting was to ascertain what had become of the money; and he considered that he was now relieved from all responsibility in the matter. (Applause.)—Mr Whetter (a subscriber) said he had asked Mr Fraer whether the money had been handed over to Mrs Harding, and Mr Fraer replied it had not. Mr Howe suggested that a deputation of subscribers be appointed to wait upon Mr Fraer. Mr Taylor (also a subscriber) considered the mode of calling the meeting [sending round a bellman] was objectionable. However, if Mr Barry's action was not the result of spleen, but simply an act of public duty, he was entitled to credit for taking the present step. Mr Fraer, he thought, should give some account of the money subscribed. He would move—"That the meeting request Mr Fraer to publish a list of the subscriptions received, together with a statement showing when and how the money had been disposed of." This was seconded by Mr Whetter, and was carried unanimously.

The interest of Mr Thomas Hall in the Royal Standard quartz claim was sold yesterday by the Bailiff for £25 10s. Mr G. W. Goodger was the purchaser. The sale resulted from a distraint issued at the suit of the Nil Desperandum Q. M. Company.

Mr J. P. Armstrong, dental surgeon, desires us to state that he intends leaving Cromwell this week; therefore those who may be desirous of consulting him before his departure had better lose no time in doing so.

A very respectable and fairly numerous company responded to the invitation to be present at the Free Ball and Supper given by Mr Olsen, on Friday evening last, in connection with his assumption of the proprietorship of the Sluicers' Arms Hotel, Kawarau Gorge. Everything was conducted in first-class style, quietly and pleasantly. One of the finest spreads ever put on any table in the district was done full justice to, and dancing was enjoyed until far on towards daybreak.

Sir George Bowen, according to late telegrams, had arrived at Sydney, whence he was very shortly to proceed to Victoria. In Melbourne great preparations are being made to receive him, and it is considered his will be the grandest demonstration ever accorded to any Victorian Governor.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

DUNEDIN.

TUESDAY, 9 a.m.

The Criminal Sittings of the Supreme Court commenced yesterday. Ryan, charged with shooting Farrell, was brought up, and the case is now being proceeded with. There are some curious domestic disclosures.

The ship Lutterworth has arrived from London with a number of navvies for Messrs Brogden.

A telegram from Earl Kimberley to the Acting-Governor states that Sir James Ferguson was to leave England on April 18.

The Minister of Public Works is expected to arrive to-day, by the Luna, to complete the purchase of the Port Chalmers Railway.

SPORTING.

An event which created considerable interest, and drew together quite a numerous attendance, took place in our usually quiet town this week: viz., a foot race of 110 yds., between a well-known mining manager and a better-known partly publican, who, as he himself often asserts, "sells whisky right up to the handle."

The course selected was, across the Cromwell bridge; and the stakes, two bottles of fiz. Punctual to time, both men marched to the scene of action, surrounded by a host of mutual friends and admirers. Arrived at the starting-point, the competitors proceeded to strip, which operation took up a much shorter time than is usual on such momentous occasions, as the "stripping" was completed by each man taking off his boots and giving them to his most ardent admirer to hold until the exciting event should be over.

The "prepare to start" was duly responded to by each man giving his "breeks" a determined and desperate hitch, setting his teeth, and toeing the scratch. Betting at that time had reached 2 to 1 in favour of the M. M.

A capital start was effected, the M. M. bounding off electrically, and looking an easy winner. But *le homme propose*, and never did a pot boil over more completely than in this instance. For before the M. M. had got over half the distance, the P. P., with a game and desperate spurt, collared and passed him, coming in an easy winner, hands down.

Weights.

P. P., 17st 10lbs... .. 1
M. M., 11st 8lbs... .. distanced.
Time, 22½ seconds.

THE BANNOCKBURN CONCERT.

A very numerous attendance gathered to witness the first of the series of entertainments proposed to be given during the Winter months under the supervision of the Bannockburn School Committee. We did not learn the amount realised, but probably the Committee will find themselves richer by £20 or so.

The first part of the entertainment consisted almost entirely of songs: recitations and readings seem to find no attempters among Bannockburn performers. Except Mr Hurley's nigger-songs, none of the performances of the others can be said to be worthy of much praise. Mr Storey, Mr Perry, Mr Holly, Mr Simpson, Mr J. Smith, and Mr Gilchrist all sang fairly, and one cannot be said to have eclipsed the other. A gentleman who attempted to sing "Put me in my little Bed," concluded, when he reached "Put your head beneath your wing," that he could not do better than follow his own advice; so, with a meek apology to the effect that he couldn't sing to-night, he quietly collapsed. Mrs Jackson had been advertised to sing, but was not present. A lady who was present was prevailed upon to fill her place in the programme; but after several plucky trials, with and without the fiddle accompaniment according to her stated pleasure, she had to give her song up as a bad job. Mr Hurley sang, in quite a professional style, "Nobody's Child," and "The Big Sunflower," accompanied by dancing; and in response to an encore demanded of the latter, he told the doleful history of "Tobias and Biancus."

After the lapse of a few minutes, the Kawarau Nightingales took possession of the stage. The company consisted of Messrs Chadwick, Moore, and Simpson, of the Bannockburn Jawbreakers; and Messrs Hurley, Holly, Gilchrist, and Kelly, of the Kawarau Nightingales. With practice, this would have proved a very effective band of minstrels; but combined practice had been altogether wanting. However, with the exception that some of the jokes were rather too familiar to most of the audience, the performers succeeded admirably in affording amusement, and in keeping their hearers pretty continually in laughter. Some of Tambo's jokes, especially, were very well received. The songs were quite up to the usual amateur mark. That played-out farce, the "Four o'Clock Train," was afterwards gone through rather tamely in the presence of a few who are not yet sick of it.

The dancing that followed was kept up for three or four hours by some thirty males and two females. Struggles for the possession of the fair demoiselles were the source of fun not included in the programme. It is pleasing to add that the fun did not include fighting, but that it was good-natured and of a pacific description.

RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1873.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., R.M., and James Corse, Esq., J.P.)

CHARGE OF ALLOWING PROSTITUTION IN A LICENSED HOUSE.

Police v. Ann Box.—The hearing of this complaint, which had been adjourned for the production of further evidence, was now resumed. Mr Wilson for defendant.

Sergeant Cassels, who conducted the prosecution, called

Teresa Goss, lately in the employment of defendant as a domestic servant. This witness's replies to the delicate interrogatories put to her were given with a simulated diffidence that was highly amusing. Her evidence against the defendant was of the most damning character.

The Bench dismissed the information. They could give no credence to Mrs Goss's statements, and apart from her evidence the charge could not be sustained. They took the opportunity to commend Mrs Goss to leave the district with all convenient speed, otherwise she might possibly bring trouble on herself.

DISORDERLY CONDUCT IN A LICENSED HOUSE.

The same defendant was then charged, on the information of Sergeant Cassels, with having on the night of the 12th March allowed disorderly conduct within her licensed premises, known as the Victoria Junction Hotel.

Mr Wilson, for defendant, pleaded not guilty. The only witness for the prosecution was Jessie Holt, lately servant with Mrs Box. Her evidence went to prove that there was disorderly conduct in defendant's house on the occasion in question, but she did not think Mrs Box knew of it at the time.

For the defence, Mr Wilson examined Thomas Trevathen, Joe Chapman, and Sergeant Cassels. The latter was called to speak as to the relations existing between the defendant and Mrs Goss,—the latter, it appeared, having been the most prominent participator in the disorderly conduct complained of.

Mr Wilson addressed the Bench in defence. He stated that Mrs Goss was a notoriously violent woman—had been discharged from defendant's service, that she afterwards forcibly

entered the premises and supplied herself with drink, and that she was the sole cause of any disorderly conduct that might have occurred on the occasion charged. There was nothing to show that Mrs Box was cognisant of any irregularity beyond that.

The Bench were of opinion that it was impossible for Mrs Box not to have been aware of the alleged improprieties. They were satisfied she had knowingly allowed disorderly conduct in her house on the 12th ult., and would therefore inflict a penalty of £5.

The Bench refused to allow any expenses to Mrs Goss, who had been summoned as a witness in this case, but not called.

ASSAULT.

James Emmerson was charged with having assaulted and kicked Mrs Ann Box, landlady of the Victoria Junction Hotel.

Defendant pleaded not guilty.

The Prosecutrix stated that the defendant came into her bar and had a drink. A dispute arose about change, and defendant jumped up and denounced Mrs Box in terms more forcible than polite. He then kicked her, and lifted a quoit (produced) to knock her brains out.

Thomas Trevathen saw defendant shove Mrs Box along the passage and kick her. Defendant had a quoit in his hand, and threatened her with it. The man was not drunk at the time.

Jessie Holt was called by the prosecutrix, but declined to give evidence.

The Defendant, a stranger from the West Coast, said he would not deny the assault, but pleaded great provocation. It happened to be passing Mrs Box's, and went in to have a drink. He gave the barmaid (Jessie Holt) a shilling in payment, but as she had not a sixpence to give him in change, he gave Mrs Box half a crown, and asked her to give him three shillings back. She returned him only one shilling; and when he asked for the other two she called him an Irish b— and a b— Fenian. She then took up a broomstick and made a run at him, at the same time telling Trevathen to turn him out. She also took up a whip and threatened to horse-whip defendant.

The defendant was fined 20s. and costs.

ILLEGAL DETENTION OF MONEY.

Ann Box was charged by James Emmerson with illegally detaining the sum of two shillings the property of plaintiff.

Defendant pleaded not guilty.

This case arose out of the dispute mentioned above. Plaintiff swore he only received one shilling change out of 3s. 6d. He demanded two shillings more, which the defendant refused to give.

The Defendant swore by a solemn oath that she gave him three shillings.

The Bench were satisfied the man spoke the truth, and ordered defendant to restore the two shillings and pay 5s. 6d. costs.

W. STANLEY v. BINGE AND WRIGHTSON.

Claim, £11 13s. 9d. for goods supplied in 1870 and 1871 to Brian Ambler, who was then carting coal from Binge and Wrightson's pit.

Mr Wrightson pleaded not indebted.

The Plaintiff stated that the goods were supplied to Ambler on the understanding that he was a servant of Binge and Wrightson. Ambler had since left the district.

Mr Wrightson said that Ambler never had any authority to order goods for the firm of Wrightson and Binge. He was not in their service; he simply had a contract to cart coal from their pit at a stated price per ton.

Mr Fraer gave evidence in support of the statement that Ambler was not a servant of the firm.

The Bench came to the conclusion that Wrightson was in no way liable to the plaintiff.

Mr Wilson asked for a nonsuit, which was granted.

RENDALL v. SHANLEY.

The hearing of this suit was further adjourned for a fortnight.

JAMES SCOTT v. ALFRED COOK.

£14 10s. 9d. for goods supplied. No appearance for defendant, who was said to be in Queens-town. Judgment by default for amount claimed, with 19s. costs: failing payment, distress; and failing distress, two months in Dunedin Gaol.

J. MITCHINSON v. ROBERT SWAN.

£18 0s. 4d. No appearance for defendant. Judgment for amount claimed, with 19s. costs: same alternatives as in preceding case.

COSSAR AND BENNETT v. MARTIN BRICH.

Claim, £6 10s. 11d. for goods sold and delivered. The defendant admitted the debt, but pleaded poverty. Judgment for sum claimed, with 18s. costs: failing payment, distress.

The cases Monson v. Brich, and Monson v. Alley, were adjourned for a week.

TRANSFER OF LICENSE.

The application of Alfred Short for a temporary transfer of his general license to Charles Angel was granted.

WARDEN'S COURT.

THURSDAY, APRIL 3.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., Judge and Warden.)

UNPAID CALLS.

Nil Desperandum Q. M. Company, Registered, v. F. W. Reichelt, £65 5s. By consent of all parties, the hearing of this case was adjourned for a week.

APPLICATIONS.

Extended Claims were granted to Jesse Alley and another, Paddy's Gully; Fred. Ohm and another, branch of Potters; C. Hudson and another, Drummond's Creek.

Protection.—Granted: John L. Edwards and five others, quartz claim, Carrick, ninety days; G. Behrens and six others, quartz claim, Adams's Gully, ninety days; Patrick O'Brien, alluvial claim, Nevis, ninety days. Refused: M. Galvin and another, alluvial claim, Nevis Gorge (not sufficient reason given).

Main Tail Race.—The application of Samuel Battell and eleven others, requesting that the lower part of Pipeclay Gully (132 chains) should be proclaimed as a public sluiceland, was granted. The only objectors were S. S. Graver and another.

Tail Race.—Fred. Ohm and another, Potters's Gully; granted.

Water Race.—H. Hoffmann's application for an extension of four miles was postponed for a week.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

MR CROMBIE IN EXPLANATION.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—In the leading article of your paper of April 1, I am called upon to verify certain statements made by Mr Alexander. In justice to the Chairman of Conference and myself, I must say my motion was carried; and, as far as my abilities go, I shall endeavour to give an explanation. On Friday, December 6, Mr Alexander brought forward his motion, on which a discussion ensued. A majority of the members not being prepared to vote on a question of so much importance without knowing the opinion of their districts, allowed the motion to be brought forward on the 7th, with the addition that it be left to be dealt with by the various local Associations. As for myself, I consider Mr Alexander's motion only a suggestion, not in any way the absolute opinion of the Mining Conference.

Hoping that this will be deemed satisfactory, I am, &c.,

J. CROMBIE.

Bannockburn, April 5, 1873.

MINING LAWS AND MINERS' ASSOCIATIONS.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—Now that a considerable time has passed since the meeting of the Mining Conference, I can with due deliberation and regret assert that disappointment at the result is the general feeling; and I much fear that unless combined action and energy are at once brought to bear on the subject, the entire movement will prove a failure. It is far from my desire to undervalue the disinterested and patriotic efforts of the originators; but the attempts made by the Delegates to call the attention of Government to existing abuses will certainly prove abortive from the excessively feeble manner in which they have been represented. For instance, in a gentle and hesitating manner they suggest that it is desirable that the discretionary power of the Wardens should be more clearly defined. This is truly a polite way of remonstrating when the Warden possesses more irresponsible power than the highest English tribunal. This may seem a daring assertion; but if you refer to the Gold-fields Regulations, you will perceive that nearly all the clauses state that he may do this or may grant that, but in no case that he must or must not; and lest that should not give sufficient power, the Gold-fields Act, 1866, clause cxv., empowers him to inflict a fine instead of forfeiture. Most miners are aware of this. But the climax of irresponsible power is granted by clause lxviii., which states: "Every such Warden shall have power, in every case brought before him, to make such decree or give such judgment as shall be just, without regard to any rule of law, or the practice of any court of law or equity, and to award damages and reasonable costs, or direct payment to be made to either party."

Another power that sadly wants restraining is that of postponing the hearing of cases or applications from week to week: by this means, they can weary out whom they please with perfect safety to themselves. Fancy a poor miner being compelled to travel twenty or thirty miles in order to obtain a grant for a race, residence area, or extended claim, and by some quibble having to renew his visits week after week. Having at last given up the attempt in despair, he may very probably find that a more favoured individual will obtain the grant without trouble a few weeks afterwards. If few such cases happen, it is not because the Warden does not possess the power, and many applicants may rather thank their own perseverance than the Warden's inclination. Such power should not be given to any class of men, however honest and disinterested, and still less to Wardens who are generally believed to be peculiarly liable to be influenced by big storekeepers, jolly publicans, and other aristocrats. This is but one (perhaps the most important) of the most existing abuses. All the mining laws are in a perfect mess,—contradicting one another in various places, and admirably calculated to bring employment to legal vultures. Therefore it is very desirable that a new Act and new Regulations (retaining what is good of the old) should be passed and the old ones repealed.

I have one more subject to refer to in connection with the Miners' Association. I perceive by your paper that there is a dispute about precedence between the Cromwell and Bannockburn Societies,—trifling and ridiculous at present, but liable to cause great injury to the movement we all desire to help. My opinion, and that I have heard expressed by all those of my class to whom I have spoken on the subject, is, that it is bad taste for publicans, storekeepers, and mining agents to shove themselves forward into a society having for its object the formation of the miners into a compact organisation which would compel the attention of Government to their just demands. The assistance of the aristocracy would be very acceptable to the Association in some cases, but in many others the interests of the two would be bound to clash. For instance, those paying into claims might wish to reduce wages; and the simplification of the mining laws so much to be desired by the miner would be professional ruin to the mining agent. If those "big lugs" would be content with the position of hon. mems., and kindly subscribe if we should find it necessary to send round the hat, we should all be delighted, and will be most happy to give them a turn as Chairman, or any other harmless and honourable billet at public meetings; but as to their taking prominent positions, I can only say, *Timeo Danaos*, as they say in Gaelic.

I am, &c.,

CRUSHER.

BANNOCKBURN.

(From our own Correspondent.)

April 5, 1873.

Tuesday last being All Fools' Day, numerous practical jokes were played off upon the unwary. Some of them were carried a little too far perhaps, but still all that came under my notice were taken in good part. The custom, however, seems to be dying out; at any rate, it is not kept up on the Bannockburn to such an extent as in some places in which I have resided.

The Bannockburn will have a much more important appearance on the new Electoral Roll than on any previous one. I believe there will be something like forty additional names on it this year. This healthy increase is mainly owing to the efforts of some of the members of our Mining Association,—notably Mr D. Stewart, who procured forms and took them round. If everyone took the same interest in the matter, there would be few qualified electors not on the roll.

The concert in aid of the School funds came off on Friday night, as was advertised, and was very well attended,—better perhaps than any of those formerly held. It had been rumoured for some days before that your Amateur Dramatic Club had consented to come out and perform, and a few who had not heard of their backing out of it were somewhat disappointed; but I don't think a better evening's amusement would have resulted even if the Club had performed. The Kawaran Nightingales, who kindly promised their assistance almost at the last moment, went through their part of the performance in capital style; in fact, it would have been a very tame affair without them. I noticed that some of our local talent, who have been before the public on former occasions, making a very favourable impression, did not shine particularly on this occasion: they evidently had had but little practice, and, I thought, were rather careless throughout the evening. The concert, as usual, was followed by a dance, which was kept up until pretty near daylight. As usual, the refreshment booth seemed to be doing a large business, and consequently there were a good many heavy heads towards the end of the night. It all passed off in a quiet, orderly manner, however, and everybody seemed very well pleased.

CARDRONA.

(From our own Correspondent.)

April 2, 1873.

The mail from Cromwell to-day conveyed to us the pleasing information that a tender for the mountain track had been accepted, and that the work of formation would be commenced immediately. I have reason to think the adoption of the Kirtleburn route in preference to the other would have given general satisfaction to the residents here,—chiefly on account of the greater facilities it would have afforded for travelling in winter. However, I suppose we ought to be thankful to get the track made reasonably safe for summer travelling, and will have to comfort ourselves with the reflection that the error—if error there has been—did not originate here.

Several portions of the road between Lugate Creek and Cardrona (by way of Mount Barker) stand very much in need of improvement. There is a dangerous siding just below the entrance to Cardrona Valley, and not far from the same spot, towards Mount Barker, a huge rock in the centre of the road endangers the passage of vehicles. An accident resulting from the defective condition of this road occurred a few days ago in the neighbourhood of Sprott's Creek, where a drayman had the misfortune to break one of his shafts, and at the same time had a valuable horse injured. As the District Engineer may not be aware of the existence of such impediments as I have described, I trust this paragraph will not escape his observation.

Instances of uncommon longevity are seldom met with in remote mining settlements such as ours; but I think Branch Creek can boast of possessing the very oldest inhabitant within a radius of fifty miles from Cardrona. I allude to Mr Bolton, sen., late of Sydney, who has arrived at the patriarchal age of 96, and is still hale and vigorous.

Our school continues to flourish, the average attendance numbering about a score. Mrs Comyn, the teacher, performs her duties to the entire satisfaction of the parents.

The European population of Cardrona is, I am happy to say, on the increase; whilst the Celestials are diminishing. Twelve months ago there were 600 or 700 Chinamen on the Creek, and now the number does not much exceed 200.

Mining matters up the Creek (above the township) are in a fairly prosperous condition, most of the miners there earning good wages.

At Branch Creek (four miles below the

town), all the ground at present available is held by two parties of Europeans and two of Chinese. These are reported to be doing very well.

Messrs Bond, Mackin, and Co.'s special grant, situate nine or ten miles further down, still remains undeveloped. The proprietors are awaiting the arrival of the District Surveyor to mark off the area; and when that is done, they intend to float a company under the Limited Liability Act—the present holders retaining shares only to the amount of the capital they have actually expended in obtaining the grant.

THE DEEP LEAD.

extends from the terrace opposite the township to the commencement of Butcher's Flat—a distance of three-quarters of a mile. The Enterprise (Bond and party) are greatly impeded by the constant accumulation of water in their ground. In spite of this drawback, however, they continue to work most energetically, and will probably soon reach the deepest portion of their ground. In the adjoining claim, the Band of Hope, water has gained the ascendancy, having accumulated in the pump-shaft faster than they could get rid of it. In order to remedy this difficulty, the shareholders have commenced the construction of a very long (tunnel) tail-race, which, when completed, will drain not only the Band of Hope claim, but also those on either side of it. This is one of the most gigantic and important works that has yet been undertaken here. The shallow ground in the Banner of War claim is being worked with payable results. The deep sinking cannot be proceeded with until some definite result is arrived at in regard to the compensation of the agricultural lease-holder into whose ground this and the adjoining claim (the Empire) extend. The Empire shareholders are similarly circumstanced; working inferior ground while waiting the final issue of the arbitration pending between the two deep-sinking companies and the agricultural leaseholder. The Union claim is paying small wages, but sanguine hopes are entertained of better days to come. The Young Pirate is still paying handsomely, as of old.

BENDIGO.

(From our own Correspondent.)

April 5, 1873.

As your readers are probably surfeited with speculations on the weather, I shall say very little about it, merely venturing a hope that more rain may soon make its appearance, or gold-mining—in this part of the world, at least—will become an obsolete pursuit. No news is said to be good news in some cases, and if your clients agree to accept the axiom in this instance, they will have reason to be highly satisfied with this contribution, as I have literally none to give.

The gentleman alluded to in a former communication who predicted rain, floods, &c., in consequence of a certain amount of humidity being discoverable in his sugar, evidently disappointed his backers; and I do not think this community will say to him, as the soothsayer's dog said to his master who starved and beat him, "more prog-no-sticks." There has been quite a *furore* of late among my neighbours for prognosticating—all about the same subject, the advent of rain; and as in every instance "the wish was father to the thought," with many a prayer thrown in, it is singular that the clerk of the weather has not condescended to open the flood-gates. Perhaps, as miners are generally accounted a graceless set, it may be that "the prayers of the wicked avail not." Will some other "persuasion" try their hand? Winter will soon be here, and great suffering is likely to be caused to that useful class, the storekeepers, who, to their credit be it spoken, have not allowed their ink to dry up, notwithstanding the drought.

The repairs to the Cromwell Co.'s mill are nearly completed, and great improvements have been effected, but until the water races are again flowing there will be no opportunity of testing their utility. An immense quantity of stone has been raised in the interim, sufficient to last through the winter. Considerable depths are now reached in the mine—210 to 230 feet,—and the stone shows as yet no diminution, exploding the belief current among miners (!) that New Zealand reefs "cut out" at short distances from the surface.

The Aurora Co.'s mill is still idle. They have also a splendid paddock of stone, and the newly-discovered continuation of the reef near the surface looks remarkably well; but until crushing operations are resumed I refrain from venturing an opinion upon its merits,—as a Cockney friend of mine remarks, "Happearences are very deceivin'."

Anderson and Co. have a trial crushing ready, of 24 tons, to which the above remarks will also apply.

The Lucknow tunnel is slowly penetrating the bowels of the earth. The men engaged are certainly progressing, but that is all that can be said about the matter. The rock continues extremely hard, and from its position is very difficult to blast. Powder takes but small effect. At the present rate of progression, a year may be expected to elapse ere the lode is reached. Alas! poor Bendigo.

Mr McLean's run is being securely "wired in" by iron fences, and the "braw Highland lads" who now tend the flocks upon the hills of Morven will shortly find their occupation, like Othello's, gone.

Those playthings for the sturdy (!) miners, Mining Associations, do not appear to meet with extraordinary support, in spite of their novelty,—and indeed I do not wonder at it if their ostensible business is to get the gold-fields "out of the frying pan into the fire" by a change of government from Provincial to General. That question, I imagined, was settled long ago,—died and was buried. If the Mining Associations can find no better occupation than resurrecting such a grievance, the sooner they are dead and buried also the better, say I.

I am obliged for your kindly notice of my late misfortune, and I console myself with the rather selfish consolation that there were heavier losses lately in Chicago and Boston. Had I been other than a miner, I might have made an appeal *ad misericordiam*; but as a man, especially if he be a miner, needs little "here below," like Bruce's spider I will give the ascent another trial, and with "a stout heart to the steep brae," begin afresh.

Progress of the Province.

On Monday, March 24, the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Province, the Dunedin Star has an article noting progress, which was compiled with the aid of an early number of the first Otago newspaper, the *Otago News*. We extract the following:—

"Before concluding with a notice of the first anniversary, we will briefly compare Otago in 1848-9 with what it is in 1873. In 1848 there were 84 married men and 192 single; total, 276. Married women, 73; single do, 131; total, 209—grand total, 485. Of these 168 belonged to the Church of England, 19 were Wesleyan, 275 Free Church, 19 Roman Catholic, and 4 non-sectarian. When the census was last taken in 1871, the population consisted of 41,691 men and 27,800 women, making a total of 62,401. Regarding the religious denominations it will be sufficient to state that there are about forty different congregations in connection with the Presbyterian Church, about a dozen in connection with the Church of England, and about the same number of Roman Catholics; some six or seven Wesleyan, three Congregational charges, one Baptist, one Jewish Synagogue, and several non-descripts. In 1848 there was one Sunday School, having a total attendance of 34 boys and girls, and one public day school with an attendance of 36 boys and 34 girls. At the end of 1871, according to Mr Hislop's last published report, there were 116 elementary schools, in which 175 teachers were employed. To these 116 schools have to be added five grammar schools, a High school, a University, and several private teaching establishments. The average attendance during 1871 at the public educational establishments was about 7000 children. In 1848 the Customs revenue was returned at £824, and in 1849 at £1159; while for last financial year it yielded no less a sum than £233,785, the exports being valued at something over two millions of money. In 1840, the agricultural statistics showed that the land then under crop amounted to 284 acres; the number of horses in the Province to be 110; horned cattle 880; and sheep, 17,507. Corresponding returns for 1873 show that the number of holdings were 3,705, comprising 395,141 acres in wheat, oats, barley, and potatoes. When the census returns were taken in 1871, there were—horses, 25,804; mules and asses, 30; cattle, 143,603; and sheep, 3,731,445."

BANKRUPTCY ACT NOTICE.

DECLARATION OF INSOLVENCY.

THOMAS HUDSON, Hotelkeeper, Carrickton. Filed, April 3. F. J. Wilson, Clyde, solicitor.

One Sunday evening recently, the Grey-mouth fire-bell rang out an alarm, and an unceremonious exodus from the several churches took place before the churchwardens or deacons could accomplish the usual collection.

A boyish son of the notorious bushranger Thunderbolt has been sentenced to ten years imprisonment for burglary in New South Wales.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—Influenza, coughs, and colds.—In diseases of the throat and chest, ever prevalent in our changeable climate, nothing so speedily relieves, or so certainly cures, as these inestimable remedies. These disorders are too often neglected at their commencement, or are injudiciously treated, and in either case disastrous consequences result. Whatever the condition of the patient, Holloway's remedies will restore, if recovery be possible; they will retard the alarming symptoms till the blood is purified, when nature will consummate the cure, gradually restoring strength and vital nervous power. By persevering in the use of Holloway's preparations, tone is conferred first on the stomach and by it on the system generally. Thousands of persons have testified that by the use of these remedies alone they have been restored to health after every other means had failed.

GENERAL NEWS.

PROVINCIAL AND COLONIAL.

Tuapeka is attempting a Rifle Corps.
Hops have been successfully grown at the Beaumont.
Chiari's circus is drawing large houses in Melbourne.
Lottie, the female gymnast, is the "sensation" at present in Dunedin.
Mr John Anderson, of Kaihiku, (Clutha,) one of Otago's oldest settlers, is dead.
It is said that Mr Hallenstein intends to resign his seat as M.H.R. for Wakatipu.
The amount subscribed towards the endowment of the Ballarat Bishopric is £5643.
Chief-Justice Sir George Arney has been sworn in as Acting-Governor of New Zealand.
Mr Stafford has purchased an estate in Canterbury, on which it is said he intends to settle.
Champagne, the produce of the Bendigo district, is to be exhibited at the Autumn Show there.
Five or six petroleum springs have been discovered recently in different places in the North Island.
The offer of Messrs O'Neill and Thomas to lay down street tramways in Wellington has been accepted.
The submarine boat, for dredging the Molyneux, is expected to arrive at Clyde in about a fortnight.
In Dunedin, the other day, an individual was fined 10s. for "making facial distortions" at Inspector Nimmon.
Shilling nobblers are still maintained in one favoured spot in Otago, between Waipori and the West Taieri.
In one of the Nelson streams the other day, a horse put his foot upon and killed a magnificent trout, weighing ten pounds.
Mr Maxwell, manager of the Skull Creek Station, in Queensland, has been murdered by blacks, who afterwards robbed the store.
A Westport telegram says a trial crushing of unripened stone from the new reef of the Halcyon, at Mohikiniui, went 10oz to the ton.
The Dunedin Jockey Club have removed the disqualification from M'Kay, who received it for dropping weight at the last Canterbury race meeting.
A tunnel-guard was killed in the Christchurch tunnel the other day. He had sat down and fell asleep, and was struck by the iron step of the train.
A rich gold-bearing district is reported to have been found about seventeen miles from Whangarei, Auckland Province, but the report needs confirmation.
An inmate of the Dunedin Benevolent Asylum claims to be 115 years old. He is a native of some island near Tahiti, and claims to have been acquainted with Captain Cook.
As showing the remarkable fertility of the Island Block land, the *Tuapeka Times* mentions that 150 acres of it, laid down in wheat, will, it is calculated, yield 10,000 bushels.
A fire occurred in Grahamstown on the morning of 31st March, destroying the Shell-back Hotel, and four other buildings. A man named Job Tyler is in custody on a charge of incendiarism.
A man named George Williams died in the Wanganui Hospital the other day, from a very singular cause. He swallowed muriatic acid in January last, and this acid so destroyed his gullet that he was literally starved to death.
The forty-five Chinamen who sailed by the Harriet Armitage from Dunedin to Hong Kong, took with them 2740oz of gold, of the value of £10,000, which, we believe, represents the result of little more than 3 years' hard work.
Captain Fox, of the Forfarshire, which recently arrived at Wellington with immigrants, has been fined £12 10s. each on four informations for breach of the Passengers' Act, in not giving the passengers sufficient water during the voyage.
Mr Christian Ogilvie, of Riverina, in Australia, has sailed for England to take out a patent for the easier and safer steering of vessels. He professes to make one man to be able to steer the largest vessel afloat, in the strongest gales and heaviest seas.
Three sharks were caught recently in the Oamaru roadstead, measuring respectively 8ft 6in, 9ft 2in, and 16ft 4in, the latter being the largest ground-shark ever caught on the coast. In the stomach of one of the smaller two was found a brown tan-coloured dog, in excellent preservation.
A man named Humphreys died at Balclutha the other day, while under the influence of chloroform. A coroner's jury declared the medical attendant (Dr Smith) to be free from all blame. The deceased was the son of the late Alderman Humphreys, who nine years ago was Lord Mayor of London.
John Giggins, a bill-sticker in Melbourne, was summoned the other day for sticking bills on a Sunday, contrary to a statute passed in England in 1676. The magistrates dismissed the case, on the ground that the printers who worked on Sundays might as well be prosecuted as bill-stickers.
A son of Mr Duthie, boat-builder, Grahams-town, five years of age, fell off the Enterprise at the Shortland wharf lately. His brother Alexander, a lad twelve years of age, seeing what had occurred, like a young hero as he was, instantly jumped overboard, swam to the sinking child, seized him, and saved him from a watery grave. The lad was loudly cheered for his courageous behaviour.
A few days ago a letter from a Sydney sharebroker was shown to the editor of the *Melbourne Argus*, in which was the following:—"There has been a great fall in Krohmann's. Only half a ton of gold got this crushing." This is not fooling, but sober earnest. The gold got represents £50,000, but the modest shareholders expected a £100,000 yield! However, the proprietors

shouldn't be too much down on their luck. Half a ton of gold hasn't a bad sound.

The *Buller's Courier* writes:—"A remarkable, though not a very novel coincidence, has been brought under our notice, for the accuracy of which we can vouch. A few months ago a gentleman, travelling in the Portland district, drove his buggy by accident into a broad and deep waterhole. The result was that he and the horse, together with a lad riding with him, were drowned. Three months afterwards, a letter was received by the widow from the gentleman's mother in England, describing the whole scene with complete accuracy in every detail. The poor old lady said she had seen the whole occurrence in a dream, and therefore sent the widow her condolence, feeling assured the dream would prove correct. Upon comparing dates, the widow found that the fatal accident must have occurred just at the time when the mother saw the vision in her sleep."

EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN.

Sir James Fergusson has been married in London to Miss Richmann of Adelaide.
Mr Trollope's new novel, "Lady Anna," has been purchased for publication in Australia.

Hickey and O'Baldwin have had a prize-fight in Pennsylvania. The latter was badly beaten.

The strike in the Welsh collieries has terminated. The men are to have their wages increased.

A New Zealand Land and Coal Company is projected in London, with a capital of £100,000.

Mr Lowe was to present his budget on 3rd April. The revenue is estimated at £76,600, the expenditure at £71,000.

The Municipality of Paris has refused a bequest of 61,000 dollars, made by a wealthy German, to be devoted to the benefit of the German poor in Paris. They have, however, accepted 10,000 dollars for a Protestant Consistory, left by same testator.

France and Germany have signed an agreement stipulating for the payment of the indemnity money by instalments, terminating in September next, the Germans evacuating the whole of the French territory in July, except Verdun and the surrounding districts, which they will occupy until September.

The *Corona*, an Australian clipper, lay at anchor within 300 yards of the Northfleet when the disaster occurred to the latter vessel. Neither the terrible shock, nor cries, nor rockets continually fired from the deck of the sinking ship could arouse the *Corona's* watch. Had the watch been aroused, the whole of the Northfleet's passengers could have been saved.

Late telegrams, it will be remembered, contained news that Mr Gladstone's Ministry had been defeated, by a narrow majority, on the Irish University Bill, and had consequently resigned. The Queen sent for Mr Disraeli, who, after a day or two, declared his inability to form a Government without a new Parliament. Mr Gladstone again placed his services at the Queen's disposal. It is believed that his previous Cabinet will be reinstated.

Yankee Lawgivers.

Under the heading of "A Pretty Fix for a Senator," the Washington correspondent of the *Chicago Tribune* writes:—"I have obtained a complete narrative of the celebrated fight between the Hon. Zach Chandler, of Michigan, and Mr Hannegan, of Indiana, son of the ex-Senator Hannegan, who was Minister to Prussia. It happened in the National Hotel, at meal-time. Zach took advantage of the fortuitous concurrence of several persons to abuse Voorhees loudly, while in his presence. His remarks resounded all over the dining-room, such as 'traitor,' 'scoundrel,' &c., plentifully consorted with oaths. 'Dan,' said Hannegan to Voorhees, 'I wouldn't stand that foul-mouthed vituperation.' 'I won't,' said Dan, and he walked over to Chandler, and struck him a back-handed blow which resounded like a whip-crack. Chandler, who had got up wrong end foremost, immediately struck out at Voorhees, and Mr Hannegan, interposing, remarked: 'Gentlemen, this is not the place for personal collision—a dining-room where you disturb other people. Think of positions, and do not disgrace your constituents.' 'Who the h—ll are you?' exclaimed Chandler, and with that he struck Mr Hannegan with all his force on the side of his face. Hannegan was stunned by the blow, which he had not expected, being a peace-maker and not a fighter; but he picked up a molasses pitcher and brought it down on Zach's forehead so that he was covered with blood and molasses, which, strange as it may appear, seemed rather to improve his appearance. He took up the nearest jug he could find to strike Hannegan with it; but Hannegan ducked his head, and Zach struck an entirely harmless person in the abdomen, who forthwith got the cramps and walked out of the room on his belly. Hannegan now said he understood Zach meant business, so he took the great patriot by the top-knot, and pushing his head down toward the floor, he dragged him along, planting blows all over his frontispiece, and nearly making an intelligent countenance out of the Senator's. Much spent, gasping, and frothing, Zachariah followed his hair across the floor, and several ladies rushing in, cried: 'Oh! don't kill that man!' 'No, ladies,' said Hannegan, 'I just want to keep him from injuring me, and if you will take care of him I shall let him go immediately.' With this Hannegan gave Zach a last shot, which effectually finished him, and the Michigan Ajax rolled over on his back and was wheelbarrowed away by some of his servants."

Jehial Slab on the Marriage State.

1st. Just married. Destined to linger in clover, new-mown hay, and such herbage from nine to twelve months.

2nd. Some black, rascally, stormy night, about the close of the above epoch, you are turned out into streets all ponds and mill-races; or, amid snow eighteen inches deep, and drifting like blazes, and told to run for the doctor. When you get home, a little red-flannel looking thing, about the size of a merino potatoe, undoubtedly awaits you. They will call it a baby. Packed up with it you will find the first real squalls of married life. You can bet on that.

3rd. Paregoric, and soothing syrup, and catnip tea, and long flannel, and diaper stuff, and baby colic, and more squalls. They will come along, too. In fact, will become just as much at home in the house as dinner.

4th. One of the days in—

"The wee sma' hours ayont the twal,"

you turn out again. This time you are found barefoot, distractedly rocking that baby back and forth, and bobbing it up and down in a cane-seat chair; a shivering, icy, disconsolate sense of dampness all about you; seat hard, only a cotton shirt or such a matter nearer than the bed to keep you warm—roaring, musically as a wild bull in a slaughter-yard—

"We're coming, Father Abraham, Three hundred thousand more."

Baby all the time yelling like mad with the belly-ache; while Mary Ann, up to her nose in the warm bed-clothes, yelps out every now and then impatiently, and just at the wrong time, "Trot him faster, Samuel." And you trot him. Ah, how you do trot him. If you could only trot the wind out so far that he could never get any back again, or break his back, or neck, or something, you would be immeasurably happy. But no. The little innocent is tougher than an india-rubber car spring. Just as you are about giving up, concluding that you must freeze; that there will certainly have to be a funeral in the house inside of thirty-six hours, baby wilts from sheer exhaustion, and then with teeth chattering like a M'Cormick reaper, you crawl in by Mary Ann again and try to sleep.

5th. Gradually you glide away in a tangled maze of cherry lips, ice, steam-whistle-voiced babies, dimpled cheeks, more ice, May flowers, skating weather, canonille, Jockey Club, sleigh rides, crinoline, immense as the old bell at Moscow, Indian ambuscades, chignons like door mats, awful Grecian beads, angels, snow-banks, and for y other cheerful reminiscences.

6th. A snort, a thrash, a wild throwing upward of little arms and legs, and then, keen and shrill came that terrible "Ah, waaah! Ah, waaah!" again. I guess you wake up, don't you? "Get the paregoric and a teaspoon—quick," says Mary Ann in a sharp staccato tone, and don't you get it? In just three-eighths of a second you are a Grecian bend-out there on the cold floor, dropping paregoric in a teaspoon. Hurry! Oh no. Circumstances are not such as to make you hurry any. Gracious little Peter, he is describing diabolical curves with all the arms and legs he's got, and screaming one hundred pounds to the square inch, and Mary Ann, she is rearing around there in the bed, making a rocking-chair of her back, and yelling bye-o like a wild Camanche on the war-path, that's all. Nice, ain't it? And then, to think, that as years roll on there has got to be more and more yet of just such distressed work.

7th. There comes the washing days, too, and the spring cleanings and movings—when your books and papers, and mustard ptes, and carpets, and plug hats, and molasses, and feathers, and baby fixings, and pancake batter all get stirred up together; when Mary Ann, dress tucked up, handkerchief around her head, broom in one hand, mop in the other, pretty as a cistern pole, temper searching as a dose of ipecac, goes about soothing spiders' webs and dirt, and grease spots, and such things; while Bridget, the inevitable Bridget, slopping soap-suds all over everything, brings up the rear.

8th. Then there is that mother-in-law of yours, and the six or eight female cousins. They have just come over to visit you a bit, and each one has brought all her trunks and card boxes along. And that, too, when you could easily have spared all but the mother-in-law.

9th. And so I might run on and on. These things are thicker in such places than little toads on a country road after a summer thunder shower. You can't dodge them. They come with married life just as sure as death and taxes. Bad, very bad, my friend. Only one condition much worse in the world than I know of. And that is (I don't mind telling you) the single condition.

Hindoo Jugglers.

(From the *Dark Blue Magazine*.)

Some Hindoo jugglers now came aft, and requested permission from the Captain to exhibit some of their really wonderful feats. Having obtained it, they sat down, four in number, and commenced by causing a black boy on board to sit down on the deck. One of their number then taking a piece of chalk drew a white line right down his forehead, all the time reciting a chant, in which the other three joined, the burden of it being chick-war, ar-ar-chick-chick, &c., repeated very quickly; he then, without removing his hand, drew a purple, then a blue, then a red, and, lastly, a black line, and finally showed us the original piece of white chalk in his hand, reduced in size certainly, but uncut and unblemished by the numerous colours that adorned the boy's face. They next did the

ball trick. Four little balls are produced, and three bell-shaped cups of metal, the size of a small tea-cup. These three cups they deposit on the deck, mouth downwards, and then lift them all up, showing there is nothing underneath. Tapping the tops of the cups with his wand, the performer tosses the four balls about from hand to hand, then suddenly exposes his palms; lo, the balls are gone! He again lifts the cups. Two are empty, one has all four balls underneath. Replacing the cups, the four balls still remaining under the same cup, he twists his wand about, touches their tops, lifts them, and two of them has one ball each under them, and the remaining one has two. It is impossible to detect the secret of this trick, which is varied in innumerable ways. The juggler then did the sword trick. A sword, about two feet long in the blade, was thrust down the open throat of one of them, and must have reached to his navel. He stood for some minutes with the blade down his stomach, and the thick hilt sticking out from his mouth. He then slowly withdrew it, and, having wiped it, performed several sleight-of-hand tricks with the weapon. The same man then took an iron rod, bent like an S, with one end fashioned into the likeness of a snake's head. Opening his mouth, he put this up one of his nostrils, so that we saw the iron head at the back of his throat; it was twisted about several times before it was withdrawn. The fire-eater then started up. He put a piece of light-coloured stone between his teeth, and took several strong inspirations, whereupon smoke and flame suddenly darted from his nostrils. This also lasted upwards of a minute, after which he took a piece of wadding and set it afire from the flames coming out of his mouth. After this one of their number procured a bit of thread, and allowed us to cut it up into small pieces. He then swallowed it in a minute, and drew it out again perfect as before it was cut. The same man drew out after the thread an immense long worm about six feet in length. Another of their number amused us with playing six balls, spinning at the same time a top, and balancing it perfectly with its apex revolving round the extremity of a long rod resting on his forehead. The heavy weight trick was next performed. It is hardly fair to call this a trick, since the dull thud an iron ball of 20lb. makes on the back of the performer is not to be mistaken, as he catches it alternately on the muscles of his arms and on the small of his back. The two tricks of the day were yet to come. Neither of them, I think, has been satisfactorily explained. The first performed was the snake trick. The man shows you an empty basket, and then the dried skins of two cobra capellas stuck together, and lets you examine closely both them and the basket. Placing the skins in the basket, he plays plaintively for about five minutes on a sort of flute called the Charmer. The lid is then lifted, and the two skins are seen filled out, the heads darting hither and thither, and the bodies still writhing in each other's embrace. The circle round the basket is immediately enlarged. The snake charmer squeezes some of the poison out of the mouth of one on to his arm, and shows it to us. The flute is again played, and the snakes, obedient to its voice, returned into the basket. When the lid is once more taken off, nothing is to be seen but the two dried skins. The snakes could not, however well educated, have disappeared without our seeing them, and none of us can explain it without allowing supernatural powers to the Hindoos.

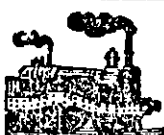
A House of Bad Omen.

A "haunted house" is a disagreeable dwelling, but worse than even a haunted house is "a house of bad omen." A terrible description of such a house at Elmira, in the State of New York, is given by the *Elmira Advertiser*:—"Its first builder and owner found it too much for his means to carry. He sank under the load, lost his savings, fell into bad habits, became intemperate, and never rose again. A favourite minister took it—one so eloquent that his church was always crowded, and whose means for doing good was tremendous. His position was too much for him. He fell into immoral practices, was deprived of his priestly robes, and the last known of him he was the advance agent of a circus company. An old man with a fine family took it. They were strangers here, but their pleasantness and cordiality won their way to the best circles, and they were highly esteemed. Reverses came upon the old man; he lost all he had; and we dare not say what became of his family. A gentleman of learning and culture took it. His wife was a beautiful and estimable lady. Yet how short a time before the wife was an inmate of a lunatic asylum and the husband a bankrupt. A wealthy gentleman, given to charity and good works, living on the memory of a past life of rectitude, took the house. In less than a year he was in his grave. Here closes the sad record; but enough is told to show that the house is by no means what house agents call "a desirable residence," and the worst part of the affair is that the evils to which its tenants are liable are of a class which no attention to drainage or ventilation can rectify."

The large area of 900 square miles of the Northern Territory has been taken up for pastoral purposes by Mr J. E. Marrabel, of Mount Gambier, who is to start shortly.

Twenty miners died lately in one week at Charters Towers, and eight has been the weekly average of mortality for some months. This high rate is chiefly to be attributed to the intemperate habits of the miners, combined with a very hot summer and a want of nutritious food.

Dunedin Advertisements



FRASER, WISHART, & CO.,
RAILWAY FOUNDRY,
GREAT KING STREET, DUNEDIN.

All kinds of Castings in Iron and Brass:
Stampers; Quartz-Crushing Machinery
Cast Iron Sluice and Ripple Plates
Overshot, Breast, & Undershot Water-wheels
Steam Engines made and repaired.
Castings supplied for all kinds of Reaping,
Threshing, and Horse-power Machines.
Furnace Bars; Fire-proof Doors & Safes. [170]

OTAGO FOUNDRY
[Established 1859.]

WILLIAM WILSON,
ENGINEER, BOILER-MAKER
IRON FOUNDER, & BLACKSMITH,
Cumberland-street,
DUNEDIN.

Castings in Brass or Iron.
Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.
Overshot and Breast Water-wheels of Iron and Wood.
Quartz-crushing Machinery.
Pumping and Winding Gear.
Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates.
Sheet-iron Hopper-plates punched to any size.
Gold-dredging Spoons.
Machinery for Flour, Oatmeal, and Barley Mills
Reaping, Threshing, and Horse-power Machines made and repaired.
Fire-proof doors and safes.
Price's Flax-dressing Machines made. 124

VULCAN FOUNDRY
Great King-street, Dunedin.
KINCAID, McQUEEN AND CO.,
Boilermakers, Engineers, Millwrights, Founders, Blacksmiths, &c.

All kinds of Castings in Brass and Iron.
Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.
Overshot, Breast, and Turbine Waterwheels;
Quartz-crushing Machinery, Pumping and Winding Gear.
Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates; Sheet-iron Hopper and Sluice Plates, (punched to any size of holes); Gold-dredging Spoons, etc.
Flour-mill Machinery.
All kinds of Reaping, Threshing, Horse-power Machines made and repaired.
Improved Reaping Machines.
K., M'Q. and Co.'s improved Wrought-iron Piping for Fluming and Hydraulic Mining is the best in use, and cheaper than canvas.

Established Twenty Years.

GEORGE MATTHEWS,
NURSEYMAN,
SEEDSMAN, AND SEED-GROWER,
MORAY PLACE, DUNEDIN,
Begs to intimate that he has constantly on hand

Agricultural and Garden Seeds
Fruit, Forest, and Ornamental Trees in season
Garden Tools
Pruning Gloves
Flower Pots, &c. &c.

DUNEDIN SHAREBROKER.—
Established 1863.

FREDERICK H. EVANS
Is prepared to deal with all SHARES for SALE in the CARRICK REEFS.

Letters, and all other Country Business receive prompt attention. 36

ADELAIDE WINES,
BEST QUALITY.

DARLING & CO.,
ADELAIDE WINE DEPOT,
PRINCES-STREET, DUNEDIN.

Dunedin Advertisements

FIRE INSURANCE.

PROMPTITUDE and LIBERALITY in the Settlement of Claims; the LOWEST RATES of PREMIUM consistent with Safety; UNDOUBTED SECURITY; and LIBERAL REGULATIONS.

MESSRS GILLIES AND STREET,
Land and Estate Agents, Princes-street, Dunedin, having been appointed agents for Otago of the well-known and long-established Office,

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,
(Established, 1797; Re-organised, 1821.)

Are now prepared to undertake the INSURANCE FROM FIRE of every description of property, and to GUARANTEE THAT ALL LOSSES WILL BE PROMPTLY AND LIBERALLY SETTLED BY THEMSELVES, thus avoiding the delay, anxiety, and inconvenience occasioned by Agents having to consult Boards of Directors and others at a distance.

Every information as to the Society's Rates and Principles, or as to Special Rates, may be obtained free on application, personally or by letter, to the HEAD OFFICE FOR OTAGO:

MESSRS GILLIES & STREET, Agents.

Or of the district agents, as under:

AGENT FOR CROMWELL,

DUNCAN MACKELLAR.

CLYDE—G. FACHE.

VICTORIA FIRE AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL.....£2,200,000.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,
AGENTS,
CROMWELL. 89

WHEELER'S ADVERTISING AGENCY.

R. T. WHEELER,
COLLECTOR,

Advertising and General Commission Agent,
STAFFORD-STREET, DUNEDIN.

Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

Patent Medicine

NERVOUSNESS—DEBILITY—LOSS OF POWER—SPERMATORRHEA—THE INDISCRETIONS OF EARLY YOUTH—SYPHILITIC DISEASES.

In all the above cases, arising from errors and the yielding to the passions, no time should be lost to at once arrest the progress of disease.

DR L. L. SMITH has devoted himself for twenty years in the colony to the practice of this branch of his profession, while previously in England he was the pupil of, and practised with, the celebrated Dr R. T. Culverwell, the only medical practitioner who ever exclusively adopted this as the sole branch of his profession.

Dr L. L. Smith hereby informs the public that he is the only legally-qualified medical man in this speciality of his profession; that others advertising are unqualified, and that, therefore, in pretending to be qualified, they are obtaining money under false pretences.

Dr L. L. Smith also warns the public against the quackeries advertised. If the taker of any of these advertised nostrums escape with his life, or his system be not thoroughly and irreparably undermined by them, he may look upon himself as the most fortunate mortal.

Dr L. L. Smith has been applied to by so many unfortunate broken-down young-old-men, utterly crushed in spirit, ruined in body, and flched in pocket, that he deems it a duty to publish this to the world.

Those men and women who have been the victims of unprincipled charlatans frequently seek that recovery which is often beyond Dr Smith's control. When will the public understand that it is to their interest to consult a duly qualified medical man, who has made this his sole study, rather than apply to a number of ignorant impostors, who merely harp and prey upon their pockets and health?

Dr L. Smith has always stated that to warn the public of these quacksands is his chief reason for advertising.

In all cases of nervous debility, flowiness of spirits, loss of power, pimples on the forehead, lassitude, inaptitude for business, impotency, drainage from the system, and the various effects of errors of youth, and bloodpoisoning from diseases previously contracted, Dr L. L. Smith invites sufferers to consult him, as he has no hesitation in stating that no medical man, either here or in England, has had the opportunities of practice and extraordinary experience which he has had. Therefore, those who really desire to be treated by one who is at the head of his profession in this branch of medical practice should lose no time in seeking his advice. Nor should anyone marry without first consulting him.

The new Consulting Rooms are at 182 COLLINS-STREET EAST, MELBOURNE, Opposite the Melbourne Club, (late the residence of the Governor.)

Private Entrance is in Stephen-street South.

CONSULTATION FEE (by letter) ... L.1.

Medicines forwarded to all the Colonies, so packed as to avoid observation.

Books published by the Doctor can be had on application to him.

Patent Medicines

Protected by Royal Letters patent—dated October 11, 1869.

UNDER DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE.

DR BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

A chemical preparation of Phosphorus, with the Vegetable Alkaloids, Quinia, Cypripeden, Xanthoxylin, &c. Discovered, introduced, and extensively prescribed by CHAS. LESLIE BRIGHT, M.D., Resident Surgeon to St. Mary's Hospital, London.

This Phosphatic combination is pronounced by the most eminent members of the medical profession to be unequalled for its power in replenishing the vitality of the body, by its supplying all the essential constituents of the blood and nerve substance, and for developing all the powers and functions of the system to the highest degree.

It is agreeable to the palate, and innocent in its action, while retaining all its extraordinary properties; and as a specific, surpassing all the known therapeutic agents of the day for the speedy and permanent cure of:—

Nervous prostration	Shortness of breath
Liver complaints	Trembling of the hands
Palpitation of the heart	and limbs
Dizziness	Impaired nutrition
Noises in the head and ears	Mental and physical depression
Loss of energy and appetite	Consumption (in its incipient or first stages only)
Hypochondria	Eruptions of the skin
Female complaints	Impaired sight and memory
General debility	Nervous fancies
Indigestion	Impoverished blood
Flatulence	Nervous debility in all its stages
Incapacity for study or business	Premature decline
Sick headache	
Lassitude	

and all morbid conditions of the system arising from whatever cause. The action of the Phosphodyne is twofold—on the one hand increasing the principle which constitutes nervous energy, and on the other the most powerful blood and flesh generating agent known; therefore, a marvellous medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It quickly improves the function of assimilation to such a degree, that where for years an emaciated, anxious, cadaverous, and semi-vital condition has existed, the flesh will rapidly increase in quantity and firmness, and the whole system return to a state of robust health.

The Phosphodyne acts electrically upon the organisation; for instance, it assists nature to generate that human electricity which renews and rebuilds the osseous, muscular, nervous, membranous, and organic systems. It operates on the system without exciting care or thought upon the individual as to the process. It moves the lungs, liver, heart, kidneys, stomach, and intestines, with a harmony, vigour, yet mildness, unparalleled in medicine.

The Phosphodyne gives back to the human structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or animating element of life, which has been wasted, and exerts an important influence directly on the spinal marrow and nervous system, of a nutritive, tonic, and invigorating character; maintaining that buoyant energy of the brain and muscular system which renders the mind cheerful, brilliant, and energetic, entirely overcoming that dull, inactive, and sluggish disposition which many persons experience in all their actions.

The beneficial effects of the Phosphodyne are frequently shown from the first day of its administration, by a remarkable increase of nervous power with a feeling of vigor and comfort to which the patient has long been unaccustomed. Digestion is improved; the appetite increases wonderfully; the bowels become regular; the eyes brighter; the skin clear and healthy; and the hair acquires strength, showing the importance of the Phosphodyne on the organs of nutrition.

Finally, the Phosphodyne maintains a certain degree of activity in the previously debilitated nervous system; its use enables all debilitated organs to return to their sound state and perform their natural functions. Persons suffering from Nervous Debility, or any of the hundred symptoms which this distressing disease assumes, may rest assured of an effectual and even speedy cure by the judicious use of this most invaluable remedy.

DR BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

is sold only in cases at L.1 ls., containing Two bottles; and L.2 2s., containing Five bottles;—also in family cases at L.5, containing Sixteen bottles. To be had of all Chemists and up-country Storekeepers throughout the Colonies, from whom Pamphlets containing Testimonials may be obtained.

Full directions for use, in the English, French, and German languages, accompany each case.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS:

Sir Charles Locock, Physician Accoucheur to her Majesty the Queen, stated at a meeting of the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society that in thirteen cases of debility and nervous prostration he had effected permanent cures by the use of Dr Bright's Phosphodyne.

Sir Wm. Ferguson, Bart., F.R.S., surgeon to her Majesty the Queen, says:—"I have repeatedly prescribed Dr Bright's Phosphodyne and found it an agreeable and beneficial remedy. I have but one objection regarding it, and that is, the elaborate process required in the preparation will not allow of the retail price being within the reach of all classes."

Dr Lancaster, the eminent coroner, says:—"Dr Bright's Phosphodyne is calculated to entirely supersede iron, mercury, sarsaparilla, quinine, and cod-liver oil."

Dr R. Quain, F.R.C.P., physician to the Hospital for Consumption, Brompton, remarks:—"It cannot be doubted that this Phosphatic preparation will henceforth rank foremost in therapeutics; it generates all the important elements of the human frame, the peculiar character of this substance fitting it for vital uses."

Sir T. Lawrence says:—"I have found Dr Bright's Phosphodyne an excellent remedy in skin diseases. I presume it is by oxydisation."

Professor Syme says:—"The effects of the Phosphodyne in obstinate cases of disease are as astonishing as perplexing."

Patent Medicines

Dr Handfield Jones, F.R.C.P., F.R.S., physician to St. Mary's Hospital, says in atrophy and general debility, Phosphodyne is a most admirable remedy; it invigorates the nutritive functions, and increases the vital energy, not only acts as an absorbent, but retards and repairs the waste of tissue, and restores the nutritive functions to their normal condition. The *Lancet* considers the Phosphodyne one of the most important contributions made to medical science during the last century.

CAUTION.—Be particular to ask for Dr Bright's Phosphodyne, as imitations are abroad; and avoid purchasing Single Bottles, the genuine article being sold in Cases only.

Wholesale agents for New Zealand: **KEMP THORNE, PROSSER AND CO. DUNEDIN.**

THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

Chest Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, influenza may always be radically removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any over-gorged veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by the purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and fortify the system against consumption, asthma, and similar complaints.

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels.

From various causes these organs are frequently getting out of order, and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills effect this object with wonderful certainty. They do not distress the system, or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They gently cleanse the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowels without griping or any other annoyance. Again, taken an hour before dinner, they cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and biliousness.

Windy or Watery Dropsy.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills. They act most energetically on the glandular and absorbent system, purify the blood, impart a vigour which age or other causes may have temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

Disorders Peculiar to Women.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to female. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system, as they remove all causes of malady, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of all ages to robust health.

Influenza, Diphtheria, and Sore Throat.

How all important it is to check the departure from health! all may do so by taking Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the earlier they are taken the better.

Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin, may be immediately checked and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in dose of one, two, or three nightly, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment, soothing, cooling, and healing, and is better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headaches.

No organ in the human body is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nausea, flatulency, or acidity on the stomach warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

Lumbago, Rheumatism, and Gout.

In these diseases, the blood is always in a highly inflammatory state; the stomach is disordered, and the liver and kidneys unusually torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken in time, will rectify all these symptoms by the cooling and purifying properties.

Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Piles
Colic	Rheumatism
Constipation of the Bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery	Secondary Symptoms
Erysipelas	Tic Doreux
Female Irregularities	Tumours
Fever of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Veneral Affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Headache	Weakness, from whatever cause
Indigestion	&c. &c. &c.

* * * There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box, and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

Cromwell (Otago, New Zealand):

Printed and published every Tuesday afternoon by the Proprietors, MATTHEWS & FENWICK, at their Printing Office, Melbourne Terrace.

TUESDAY, APRIL 8, 1873.